

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE MARINE PROTECTION, RESEARCH, AND SANCTUARIES ACT

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives on S. 1003.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 1003) entitled "An Act to amend title III of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972, as amended, to authorize appropriations for such title for fiscal years 1982 and 1983", do pass with the following amendments:

Strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert: That section 304 of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1434) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" immediately after "fiscal year 1978" and inserting a comma; and

(2) by adding immediately after "fiscal year 1981" the following: ", not to exceed \$2,235,000 for fiscal year 1982, and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1983."

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to amend title III of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972, as amended, to authorize appropriations for such title for fiscal years 1982 and 1983, and for other purposes."

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate concur in the amendment of the House with a further Senate amendment which I send to the desk on behalf of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. PACKWOOD).

UP AMENDMENT NO. 786

(Purpose: Make amendment specifying authorization for appropriations for fiscal year 1983)

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be stated.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Tennessee (Mr. BAKER), for the Senator from Oregon (Mr. PACKWOOD), proposes an unprinted amendment numbered 786.

In section 1(2), by striking "such sums as may be necessary" and inserting in lieu thereof "not to exceed \$2,235,000".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment (UP No. 786) was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate concur in the House amendment with the Senate amendment just agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Tennessee.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. I move to reconsider the vote by which the motion was agreed to.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

POSITIVE PROGRAMS FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION AND USE OF COAL ARE NEEDED NOW

Mr. RANDOLPH. Mr. President, under the current administration, coal is being reduced to a "second class" energy resource. Despite the assurances that reg-

ulatory programs will be reduced, State and local groups and the industry in my opinion, will be required to fill the Federal void in coal development, and to aid in solving the problems of increased coal production.

It is abundantly clear that Federal support for coal is being lessened. It is my belief that the Senate coal caucus assume a more active role in addressing the difficulties that are resulting from fewer coal initiatives and the administration's pronuclear bias.

It is imperative the caucus initiate coal-related activities in concert with groups such as the West Virginia Coal Commission. The caucus can well act as a catalyst with the States for increased coal production. Perhaps the coal caucus should convene, at least monthly, to review industry and labor problems which continue impediments to coal production.

The November meeting of the West Virginia Coal Commission constructively focused on the Department of Natural Resources revised spoil removal guidelines. There was a need for this reexamination where mountaintop removal mining techniques are employed. Our State must also reexamine the permitting process for new mines. This is a major coal constraint at present.

Coal production must increase in the years ahead. At this time I doubt whether existing policy will permit a rate of increase equal to the industry's potential for growth. I have advocated for years that we must develop an environmental framework which permits our coal industry to flourish.

If America's expectation of energy independence is to be realized through use of our coal resource, we must give the industry the permitting and regulatory mechanism and the research and development support which will allow planning for the development of new reserves. If we do not do this our national expectations for coal use are unrealistic.

INTERSTATE EXCHANGE OF CRIMINAL DATA

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, on November 12, the distinguished senior Senator from South Carolina (Mr. THURMOND) offered an unprinted amendment No. 612 to H.R. 4169, on my behalf.

This amendment would direct the Justice Department to submit recommendations to the House and Senate Judiciary Committees with respect to whether the Federal Government should provide communications systems, networks, and data bases for the exchange of criminal records. This amendment was adopted by the Senate with the concurrence of the floor managers of the bill. Senator THURMOND at that time, also inserted into the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, a statement on my behalf. That statement, which appears on page S13290 of the daily version of the Senate proceedings of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, contains the following paragraph:

The FBI has already commenced a pilot program to test the interstate exchange of criminal data using a centralized index. This Senator believes that any such program

should be delayed until we have had sufficient time to review the practical and ethical questions which have been raised and to avail ourselves of expert advice in this area.

The statement is factually correct when it indicated that the FBI has already commenced a pilot program to test the interstate exchange of criminal data using a centralized index, however, it was incorrect to the extent that it expressed my belief that the demonstration effort should be delayed.

What I meant to say and should have said, is that the implementation of the operational system should be delayed until the study called for in my amendment has been completed. It was not my intent that the pilot program now in progress should be deferred or delayed until the study was completed.

I am advised, Mr. President, that my original statement caused substantial concern at the FBI and in State and local law enforcement circles. I regret that this occurred and I am pleased to correct the Record at this point to express what my actual intent was and is.

Thank you, Mr. President.

SUPPORT FOR THE SPECIAL OLYMPICS

Mr. CRANSTON. Mr. President, last month I received a letter from Eunice Kennedy Shriver who, in her capacity as president of Special Olympics, Inc., informed me of the exciting new fundraising project that Procter & Gamble has developed in cooperation with the Special Olympics. In connection with this mail and in-store promotional campaign, Procter & Gamble will contribute 5 cents for each "cents-off-coupon" that is redeemed, up to \$500,000, and will match every personal contribution that is made with its "matching donation certificates," up to \$250,000.

Mr. President, I want to take this opportunity to congratulate both the Special Olympics and Procter & Gamble for undertaking this important project to help alert the American public to—and solicit their support for—the significant, truly inspiring work being done by the Special Olympics for mentally retarded persons.

In addition, Mrs. Shriver's letter also mentions an NBC television movie, "The Kid From Nowhere," to be aired on January 4, 1982, starring a real-life Special Olympian, Ricky Wittman, as well as Beau Bridges, Susan Saint James, and Loretta Swit. This movie, together with the Procter & Gamble fundraising project, promises to help increase our awareness and understanding of the special talents of America's 6 million mentally retarded citizens, the difficulties that they and their families face, and their courage and hope for the future.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Mrs. Shriver's letter to me be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

SPECIAL OLYMPICS, INC.,

Washington, D.C., November 16, 1981.

DEAR SENATOR CRANSTON: Special Olympics is involved in a new, exciting project I want