

[CHAPTER 315.]

AN ACT

To amend section 5 of the Suits in Admiralty Act, approved March 9, 1920.

June 30, 1932.
[H. R. 7238.]
[Public, No. 213.]

Suits in Admiralty
Act, amendment.
Vol. 41, p. 525.
U. S. C., p. 1527.

Time limit for suits.

Provisions.
If on causes arising
prior hereto.
Others.

Suits brought before
January 6, 1930, etc.,
when not heard on
merits.

Vol. 24, p. 505; vol.
36, p. 1136.
U. S. C., p. 897.

Commencement
within statutory period
required.

Dismissal for lack of
prosecution.

Interest on claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Suits in Admiralty Act (41 Stat. 525; U. S. C., title 46, secs. 741-745), approved March 9, 1920, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 5. That suits as herein authorized may be brought only on causes of action arising since April 6, 1917: *Provided*, That suits based on causes of action arising prior to the taking effect of this Act shall be brought within one year after this Act goes into effect¹; and all other suits hereunder shall be brought within two years after the cause of action arises: *Provided further*, That the limitations in this section contained for the commencement of suits hereunder shall not bar any suit against the United States or the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation, formerly known as the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, brought hereunder on or before December 31, 1932, if such suit is based upon a cause of action whereon a prior suit in admiralty or an action at law or an action under the Tucker Act of March 3, 1887 (24 Stat. 505; U. S. C., title 28, sec. 250, subdiv. 1), was commenced prior to January 6, 1930, and was or may hereafter be dismissed because not commenced within the time or in the manner prescribed in this Act, or otherwise not commenced or prosecuted in accordance with its provisions: *Provided further*, That such prior suit must have been commenced within the statutory period of limitation for common-law actions against the United States cognizable in the Court of Claims: *Provided further*, That there shall not be revived hereby any suit at law, in admiralty, or under the Tucker Act heretofore or hereafter dismissed for lack of prosecution after filing of suit: *And provided further*, That no interest shall be allowed on any claim prior to the time when suit on such claim is brought as authorized hereunder.”

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 316.]

AN ACT

To provide for expenses of the Crow and Fort Peck Indian Tribal Councils and authorized delegates of such tribes.

June 30, 1932.
[H. R. 8031.]
[Public, No. 214.]

Crow Indians.
Expenses of tribal
council.

Fort Peck Indians.
Expenses of tribal
council.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to expend \$5,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, of the funds standing to the credit of the Crow Indians in the Treasury of the United States for expenses of the Crow Indian Tribal Council and authorized delegates of the tribe.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized to expend \$5,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, of the funds standing to the credit of the Fort Peck Indians in the Treasury of the United States for expenses of the Fort Peck Indian Tribal Council and authorized delegates of the tribe

Approved, June 30, 1932.

¹ So in original.