

# LIDAR ACQUISITION REPORT



**FY 2013 GEORGIA DNR ELEVATION DATA  
NOAA COASTAL SERVICES CENTER (CSC)  
CONTRACT NUMBER: EA133C11CQ0010  
REQUISITION ORDER NUMBER NCNP0000-12-02645**

Woolpert Project Number: 072875

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# SECTION 1: OVERVIEW

This report contains a comprehensive outline of the airborne LiDAR data acquisition for Morgan, Putnam, Hancock, and Baldwin Counties, as part of the FY13 GA DNR Elevation Data EA133C-11-CQ-0010/T-0014; Contract Number EA133C11CQ0010; Requisition Order Number NCNP0000-12-02645, for the NOAA Coastal Services Center (CSC). The task order area Morgan, Putnam, Hancock, and Baldwin Counties was approximately 1455 square miles. The LiDAR data was collected and processed to meet a Nominal Post Spacing (NPS) of 1.0 meter. The NPS assessment is made against single swath, first return data located within the geometrically usable center portion (typically ~90%) of each swath.

LIDAR data was collected using an Optech Gemini LiDAR System in Multi-Pulse mode. Gemini LiDAR System collects up to four returns (echo) per pulse, recording attributes such as time stamp and intensity data, for the first three returns. If a fourth return was captured, the system does not record an associated intensity value. The aerial LiDAR was collected at the following sensor specifications:

The aerial LiDAR was collected at the following sensor specifications for Morgan, Putnam, Hancock, and Baldwin Counties Project:

Post Spacing (Minimum):	3.28 ft / 1.0 m
AGL (Above Ground Level) average flying height:	5,500 ft / 1,676 m
MSL (Mean Sea Level) average flying height:	5,850 ft / 1,783 m
Average Ground Speed:	130 knots / 149 mph
Field of View (full):	40 degrees
Pulse Rate:	125 kHz
Scan Rate:	34 Hz
Side Lap (Minimum):	25%
Flight Lines Flown at these specifications:	1 - 142 (All)

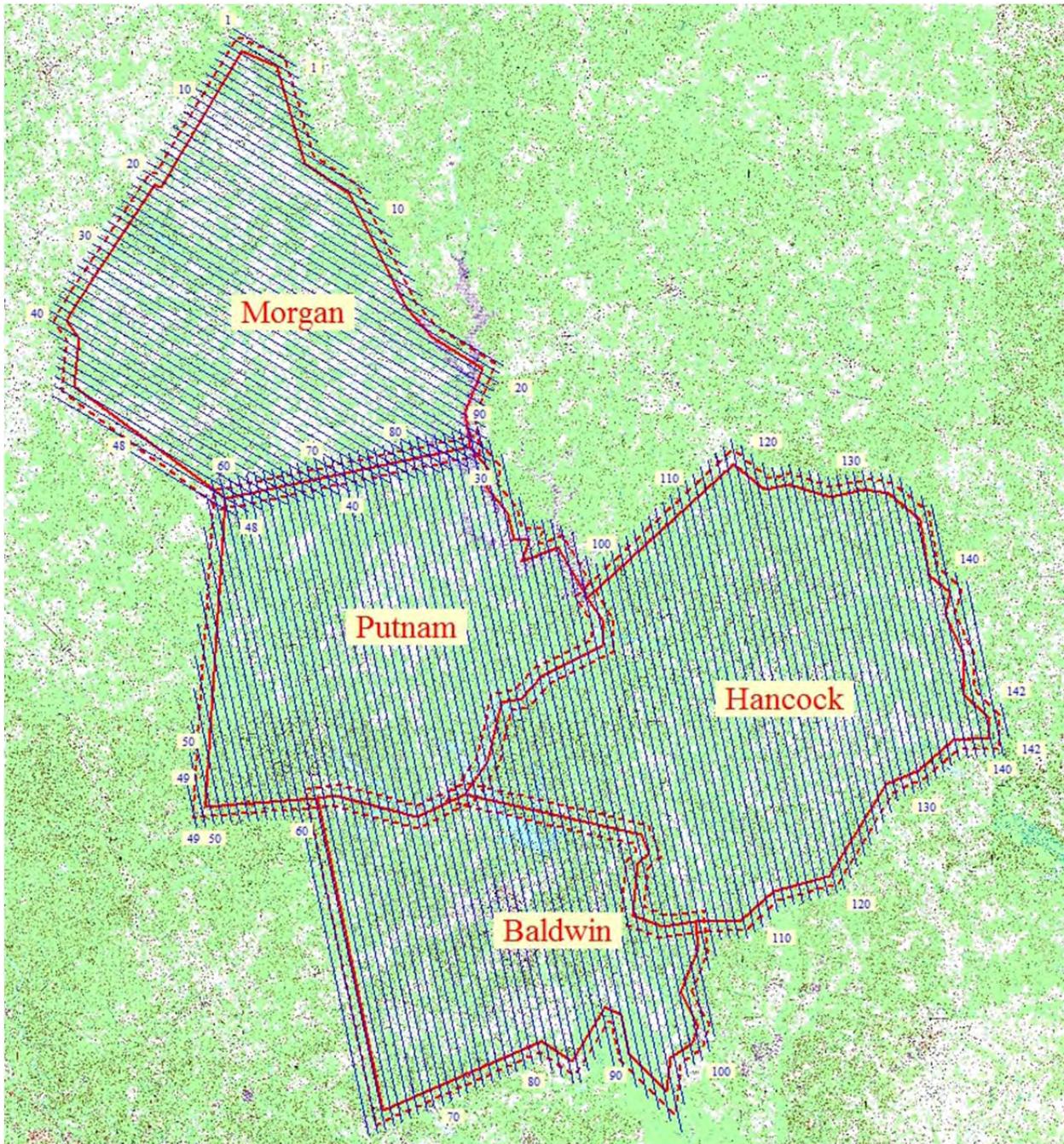
The LiDAR data was produced in Georgia State Plane East Zone, North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). Coordinate positions were specified in units of US Survey Feet. The vertical datum used for the project was referenced to North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in units of US Survey Feet.

**Table 1.1: LiDAR Acquisition Specifications**

Project	Post Spacing	Number of Flight Lines	Number of Collection Days	Acquisition Dates
Morgan, Putnam, Hancock, and Baldwin Counties, GA	1.0-meter Average	142	6	December 19,2012 December 22,2012 December 28,2012 December 30,2012 January 04,2013 January 05,2013

<b>Date of Flying</b>	<b>Lines Flown</b>	<b>Time ON/Off Line (UTC)</b>	<b>Time On/Off Line (Local - EST/EDT)</b>
December 19, 2012 Optech Gemini 09SEN258 2 lifts	Lift 1 Lines 1-18 (Morgan Co.) Lift 2 Lines 19-25 (Morgan Co.)	15:22 - 18:40 20:51 - 22:35	10:22 AM - 1:40 PM 3:51 PM - 5:35 PM
December 22, 2012 Optech Gemini 09SEN258 2 lifts	Lift 1 Lines 26-36 (Morgan Co.) Lift 2 Lines 37-48 (Morgan Co.)	15:02 - 18:15 20:38 - 23:03	10:02 AM - 1:15 PM 3:38 PM - 6:03 PM
December 28, 2012 Optech Gemini 09SEN258	49-59 (Putnam Co.)	22:48 - 00:53	5:48 PM - 7:53 PM
December 30, 2012 Optech Gemini 09SEN258 2 lifts	Lift 1 Lines 60-70 (Putnam, Baldwin) Lift 2 Lines 71-79 ((Putnam, Baldwin)	14:59 - 18:58 20:52 - 00:15	9:59 AM - 1:58 PM 3:52 PM - 7:15 PM
January 4, 2013 Optech Gemini 09SEN258 2 lifts	Lift 1 Lines 80-86 (Putnam, Baldwin, Hancock) Lift 2 Lines 87-96 ((Putnam, Baldwin, Hancock)	20:15 - 22:40 23:50 - 03:15	3:15 PM - 5:40 PM 6:50 PM - 10:15 PM
January 5, 2013 Optech Gemini 09SEN258 4 lifts	Lift 1 Lines 97-106 (Putnam, Baldwin, Hancock) Lift 2 Lines 107-113 (Baldwin, Hancock) Lift 3 Lines 114-129 (Baldwin, Hancock) Lift 4 Lines 130-142 (Baldwin, Hancock)	05:57 - 08:58 10:30 - 12:25 16:44 - 21:16 22:07 - 00:33	00:57 AM - 3:58 AM 5:30 AM - 7:25 AM 11:44 AM - 4:16 PM 5:07 PM - 7:33 PM

Figure 1.1: LiDAR Flight Diagram



## SECTION 2: FLIGHT ACQUISITION

The LiDAR data was acquired with an Optech Gemini LIDAR System (09SEN258) in Multiple Pulse in Air (MPiA) mode, on board a Cessna 310 (N1107Q). Woolpert owns all the equipment used for the ground control and ABGNSS missions with the exception of CORS stations.

Table 2.1 lists the specifications and the requirements of the ALTM Gemini, bearing serial numbers 09SEN258 and 09CON258.

<b>Table 2.1: System Specifications</b>			
<b>Specifications</b>			
Serial numbers	Sensor Head	09SEN258	
	Control Rack	09CON258	
Operating altitude	150 – 4000 m nominal		
General Enhanced Accuracy Specifications	Laser Repetition Rate	Horizontal Accuracy (m 1 $\delta$ )	Vertical Accuracy (m 1 $\delta$ ) AGL
	33 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 5 cm up to 500 m
	50 kHz		< 10 cm up to 1 km < 15 cm up to 2 km < 20 cm up to 3 km  < 25 cm up to 4 km
	70 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 5 cm up to 500 m < 10 cm up to 1 km < 15 cm up to 2 km
	100 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 10 cm up to 500 m < 15 cm up to 1 km < 20 cm up to 2 km
	125 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 10 cm up to 500 m < 15 cm up to 1km
	143 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 15 cm up to 500 m < 20 cm up to 1 km
	167 kHz	1/5500 x altitude	< 35 cm @ 750 m
Range capture	Up to 4 range measurements for each pulse including last		
Intensity capture	12 bit dynamic range for each measurement		

<b>Table 2.1: System Specifications</b>	
<b>Specifications</b>	
Scan frequency	Variable; maximum 70 Hz
Scan angle	Variable from 0 to $\pm 25^\circ$ , in increments of $\pm 1^\circ$
Scanner Product	Scan Angle x Scan Frequency $\leq 1000$
Roll compensation	5 Hz update rate  (Scan angle + Roll Comp. Angle = FOV, i.e. $\pm 25^\circ$ allows $\pm 5^\circ$ compensation)
Swath width	Variable; 0 to 0.93 x altitude m
Position Orientation System	Applanix – Optech custom POS including internal 12 channel dual frequency 50 Hz GPS receiver
Laser repetition rate	33 kHz (maximum AGL 4.0 km)  50 kHz (maximum AGL 3.0 km)  70 kHz (maximum AGL 2.5 km)  100 kHz (maximum AGL 2.0 km)  125 kHz (maximum AGL 1.6 km) 142 kHz (maximum AGL 1.4 km) 166 kHz (maximum AGL 1.2 km)
Data storage hard drive	Ruggedized removable hard drive, (10hr continuous log time @ 100 KHz)
Beam divergence	Dual 0.3 mrad (1/e) and 0.8 mrad (1/e)
Eye safe range	<i>See eye safety table</i>
Laser classification	Class IV (FDA CFR 21)
Power requirements	28 V (continuous), 45 A (maximum)
Operating temperature	Control rack: 10 to 35 $^\circ$ C  Sensor head: -10 to 35 $^\circ$ C (assuming the use of thermal jacket)
Storage Temperature	Control Rack: - 10 $^\circ$ to 50 $^\circ$ C  Sensor Head: 0 $^\circ$ to 50 $^\circ$ C
Humidity	0 – 95% non-condensing
Control Rack Measurements	653mm x 591mm x 485mm, 55kg
Sensor Head Measurements	298mm x 249mm x 437mm, 23kg

Woolpert's Aerial Acquisition Team coordinated with the necessary Air Traffic Control personnel prior to flying to ensure access.

Flight navigation is performed using Optech ALTM-NAV (Airborne Laser Terrain Mapper Navigation Software). The pilots are thoroughly trained and highly skilled at maintaining their planned trajectory, while holding the aircraft steady and level. If atmospheric conditions are such that the trajectory, ground speed, roll, pitch and heading cannot be properly maintained, the mission is aborted until suitable conditions occur.

The aircraft are all configured with a NovAtel Millennium 12-channel, L1/L2 dual frequency GNSS receivers collecting at 2 Hz.

All Woolpert aerial sensors are equipped with Litton LN200 series IMU's operating at 200 Hz.

A base-station unit was mobilized for the imagery acquisition mission, and was operated by a member of the Woolpert survey and/or flight crew. Each base-station setup consisted of one (1) Trimble 5000 series dual frequency receiver, one (1) Trimble Zephyr Geodetic L1/L2 dual frequency antenna, one (1) 2-meter fixed-height tripod, and essential battery power and cabling. Ground planes were used on the base-station antennas. Data was collected at 1 or 2 Hz.

GNSS Base Station operated during the acquisition mission is listed below.

All GNSS base station data and point locations were tied together, along with the ground control.

## WEATHER

No significant weather issues occurred during the flight mission.

## GROUND CONDITIONS

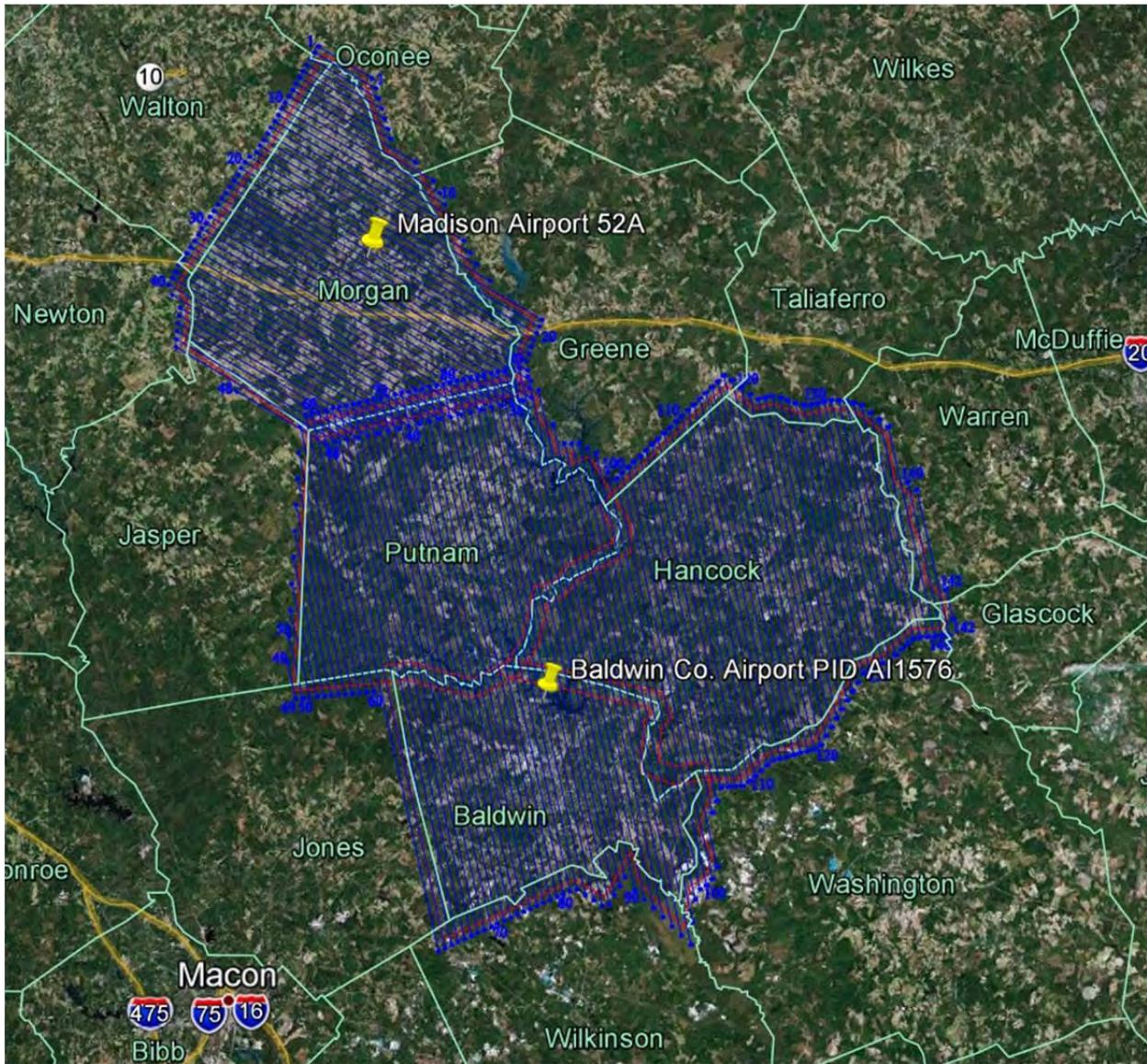
The project area was relatively flat terrain, so the project area was able to be flown at one flight altitude throughout Morgan, Putnam, Baldwin, and Hancock Counties. No flood or ponding occurred.

## GPS BASE STATION INFORMATION

GPS Base Station Used: MLJ A - PID# AI1576 (Putnam, Polk, Baldwin Counties) and Madison Airport 52A (Morgan County)

Station Name	Latitude (DMS)	Longitude (DMS)	Ellipsoid Height (L1 Phase Center) Feet
MLJ A	N 33° 09' 13.75604"	W 83° 14' 29.66338"	285.121
Madison Airport 52A	N 33° 36' 46.36758"	W 83° 27' 42.40181"	605.493

Figure 2.1: GNSS Base Station Locations



## MAPS

Map of the project location is provided in shapefile format.

## SECTION 3: LIDAR DATA PROCESSING

The collected data was shipped back to the Woolpert Dayton, Ohio office for processing and quality control. All data was downloaded into a standard Woolpert directory structure. The data was immediately checked for missing files, corrupt files, etc. Once verified, the GPS data was processed using Applanix PosPac 5.3 and PosGNSS 5.1 software packages, combining airborne GPS data with base station / CORS ground data. The GPS quality control process includes checking the data to within specs in regards to positional accuracy (<10cm), PDOP (<3), etc.

The LiDAR data was processed with DashMap v5.1061 software from Optech. The processed LiDAR data was immediately checked against the flight line layout via MicroStation V8, using TerraScan. Each flight data was checked for spatial accuracy and completeness, data quality, any data voids, clarity of the intensity imagery, point spacing specs, etc.

The results of the data analysis were immediately provided back to the flight crew. Any re-flight areas were immediately re-flown.

A Maximum Position Dilution of Precision (PDOP) of < 3.0 was achieved.

### GPS/IMU PROCESSING SUMMARY

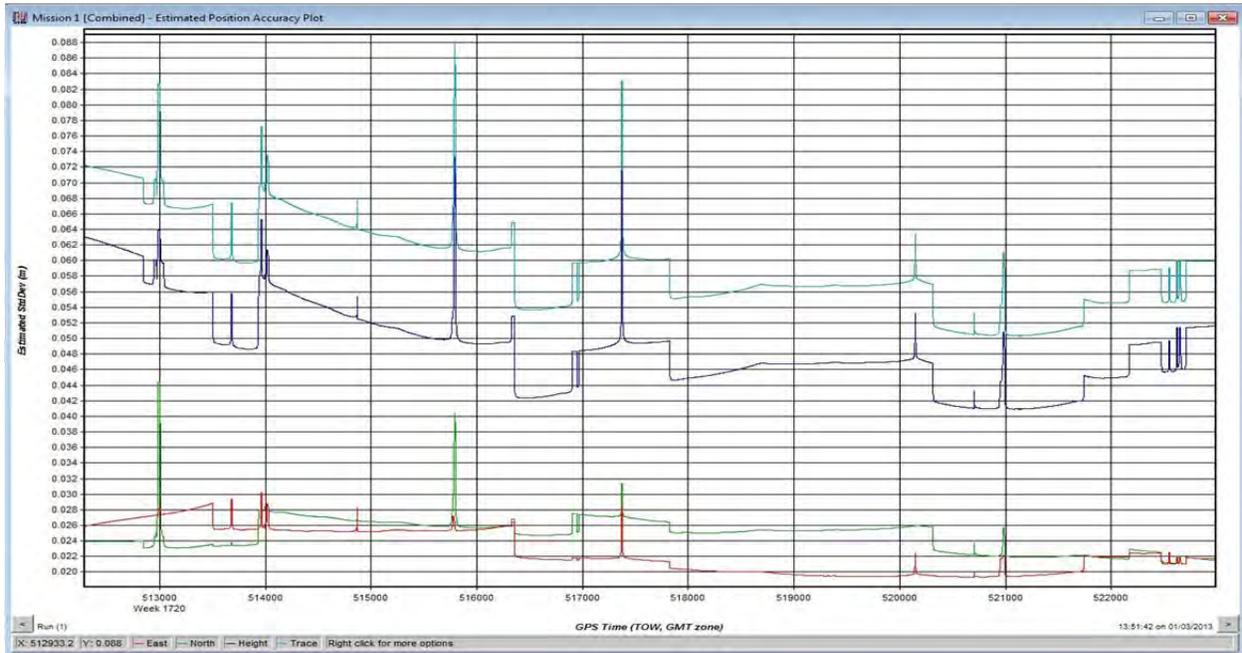
Date Sensor Head	Base Station(s)	Combined Separation: Average Difference (Feet)	PDOP Average	Maximum Horizontal Positional Accuracy: (Feet)	Maximum Vertical Positional Accuracy: (Feet)
December 19, 2012 09SEN258 "A" Flight	MLJ A	0.06	1.9	0.04	0.07
December 19, 2012 09SEN258 "B" Flight	MLJ A	0.05	1.6	0.03	0.06
December 22, 2012 09SEN258 "A" Flight	MLJ A	0.06	1.8	0.03	0.06
December 22, 2012 09SEN258 "B" Flight	MLJ A	0.05	2.1	0.03	0.07
December 28, 2012 09SEN258	Madison Airport 52A	0.06	1.9	0.04	0.07
December 30, 2012 09SEN258 "A" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.05	1.8	0.03	0.06
December 30, 2012 09SEN258 "B" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.06	2.0	0.04	0.06

<b>Date Sensor Head</b>	<b>Base Station(s)</b>	<b>Combined Separation: Average Difference (Feet)</b>	<b>PDOP Average</b>	<b>Maximum Horizontal Positional Accuracy: (Feet)</b>	<b>Maximum Vertical Positional Accuracy: (Feet)</b>
January 4,2013 09SEN258 "A" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.05	1.6	0.03	0.06
January 4,2013 09SEN258 "B" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.06	2.1	0.03	0.07
January 5,2013 09SEN258 "A" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.05	2.0	0.03	0.06
January 5,2013 09SEN258 "B" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.05	1.8	0.03	0.06
January 5,2013 09SEN258 "C" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.06	1.9	0.03	0.06
January 5,2013 09SEN258 "D" Flight	Madison Airport 52A	0.06	2.0	0.04	0.07

The Estimated Positional Accuracy plots the standard deviations of the east, north, and vertical directions along a time scale of the trajectory. It illustrates loss of satellite lock issues, as well as issues arising from long baselines, noise, and/or other atmospheric interference.

Woolpert's goal is to maintain an Estimated Positional Accuracy of less than ten (10) cm, often achieving results well below this threshold.

Figure 3.1: Horizontal and Vertical Positional Accuracies from Day 363



The Combined Separation is a measure of the difference between the forward run and the backward run solution of the trajectory. The Kalman filter is run in both directions to remove directional specific anomalies. The closer these two solutions match; in general, the better is the overall reliability of the solution. Woolpert's goal is to maintain a Combined Separation Difference of < 10cm, often achieving results well below this cap.

Figure 3.2: GPS Combined Separation from Day 363

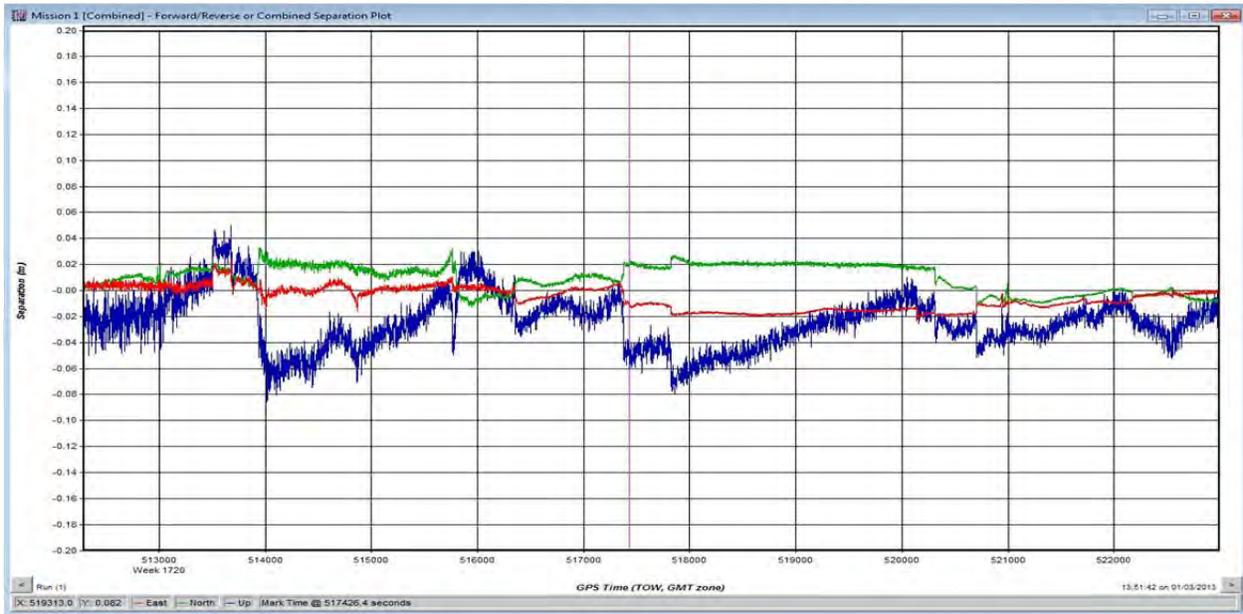


Figure 3.3: GPS Altitude Plot from Day 363



Figure 3.4: Horizontal GPS Distance from Base Station from Day 363

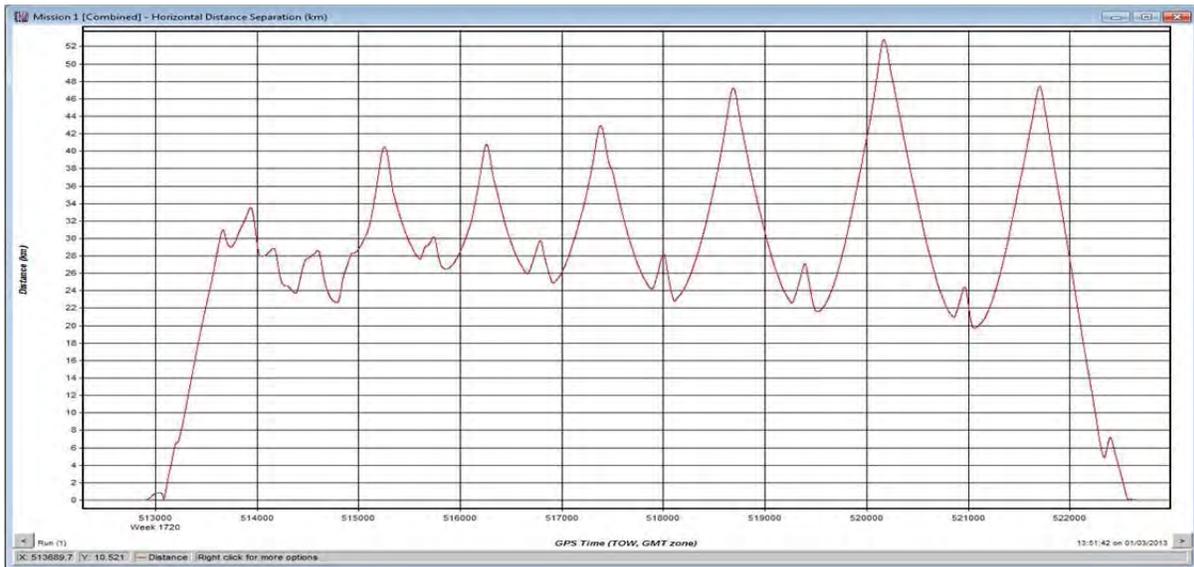
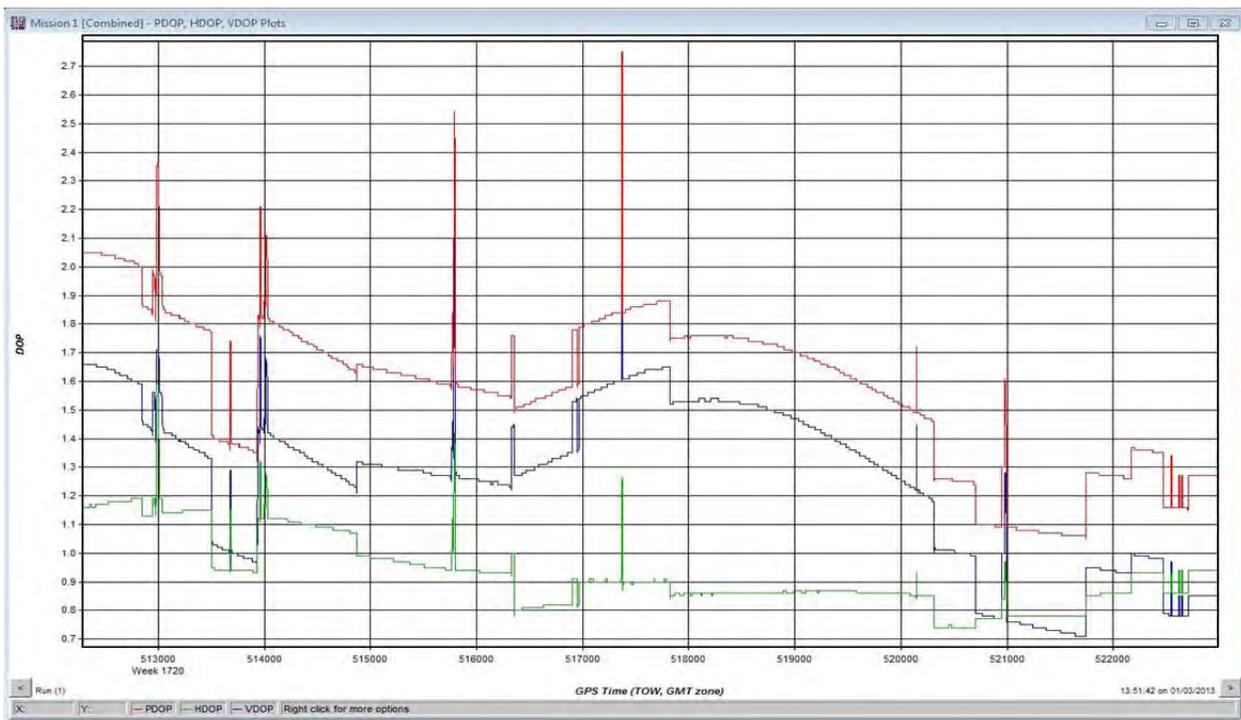


Figure 3.5: PDOP from Day 363



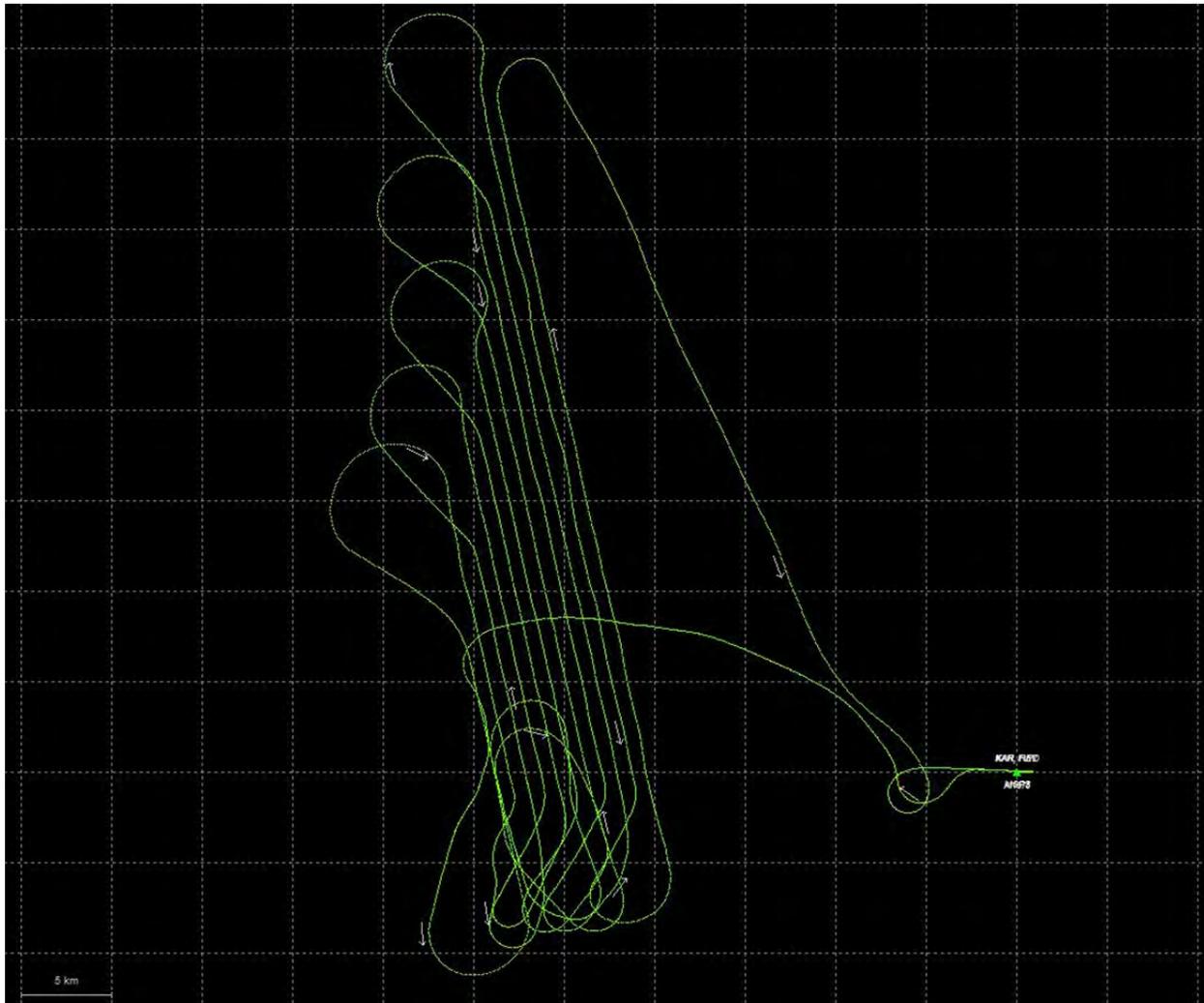
## COVERAGE CHECKS

Project verification coverage checks are provided in shapefile format.

## FLIGHTS

The GNSS Trajectory, along with high quality IMU data, is a key factor in determining the overall positional accuracy of the final sensor data.

Figure 3.6: Flight Trajectory from Day 363



Each mission "As-flown" trajectories were provided in shapefile format.

## APPLICATIONS AND WORK FLOW OVERVIEW

1. Resolved kinematic corrections for three subsystems: inertial measurement unit (IMU), sensor orientation information and airborne GPS data. Developed a blending post-processed aircraft position with attitude data using Kalman filtering technology or the smoothed best estimate trajectory (SBET).  
Software: POSPac Software v. 5.3, IPAS Pro v.1.35.
2. Calculated laser point position by associating the SBET position to each laser point return time, scan angle, intensity, etc. Created raw laser point cloud data for the entire survey in .LAS format. Automated line-to-line calibrations were then performed for system attitude parameters (pitch, roll, heading), mirror flex (scale) and GPS/IMU drift.  
Software: ALS Post Processing Software v.2.70, Proprietary Software, TerraMatch v. 13.01.
3. Imported processed .LAS point cloud data into the task order tiles. Resulting data were classified as ground and non-ground points with additional filters created to meet the task order classification specifications. Statistical absolute accuracy was assessed via direct comparisons of ground classified points to ground RTK survey data. Based on the statistical analysis, the LiDAR data was then adjusted to reduce the vertical bias when compared to the survey ground control.  
Software: TerraScan v. 13.003.
4. The .LAS files were evaluated through a series of manual QA/QC steps to eliminate remaining artifacts and small undulations from the ground class.  
Software: TerraScan v. 13.003.
5. All water bodies greater than two acres and all rivers with a nominal 100 foot width or larger were hydro-flattened using stereo compilation methods.  
Software: LP360, proprietary tools, Microstation v8, TerraScan v.13.003.

## LIDAR DATA PROCESSING

When the sensor calibration, data acquisition, and GPS processing phases were complete, the formal data reduction processes by Woolpert LiDAR specialists included:

- Processed individual flight lines to derive a raw "Point Cloud" LAS file. Matched overlapping flight lines, generated statistics for evaluation comparisons, and made the necessary adjustments to remove any residual systematic error.
- Calibrated LAS files were imported into the task order tiles and initially filtered to create a ground and non-ground class. Then additional classes were filtered as necessary to meet client specified classes.
- Once all of the task order data was imported and classified, cross flights and survey ground control data was imported and calculated for an accuracy assessment. As a QA/QC measure, Woolpert has developed a routine to generate accuracy statistical reports by comparison among LiDAR points, ground control, and TINs. The LiDAR is adjusted accordingly to reduce any vertical bias to meet or exceed the vertical accuracy requirements.
- The LiDAR tiles were reviewed using a series of proprietary QA/QC procedures to ensure it fulfills the task order requirements. A portion of this requires a manual step to ensure

anomalies have been removed from the ground class.

- The bare earth DEM surface was hydrologically flattened for water body features that were greater than 2 acres and rivers and streams of 30.5 meters (100 feet) and greater nominal width.
- The LiDAR LAS files for this task order have been classified into the Default (Class 1), Ground (Class 2), Noise (Class 7), Water (Class 9) Ignored Ground (Class 10), Overlap Default (Class 17), and Overlap Ground (Class 18).
- FGDC Compliant metadata was developed for the task order in .xml format for the final data products.
- The final LiDAR data was delivered in 5,000' x 5,000' tiles using NAD 1983(2011), Georgia State Plane Coordinate System, West Zone, and expressed in US Survey Feet for Morgan and Putnam Counties. The final LiDAR data was delivered in 5,000' x 5,000' tiles using NAD 1983(2011), Georgia State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, and expressed in US Survey Feet for Baldwin and Hancock Counties. The vertical datum used for this survey is North American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD88), and expressed in US Survey Feet. The vertical datum used for this project was referenced to NAVD 1988, US Survey Feet, GEOID 12A.

# SECTION 4: SENSOR CALIBRATION

Calibration flights were performed prior to arriving on the project site. The calibration was performed at Falcon Field Airport in Peachtree City, GA. To accomplish the formal calibration, Woolpert has established a calibration range of an airport runway. The calibration ranges has been ground surveyed to an accuracy of better than 1 cm. The mission consisted of 3 different altitudes flown along and across the runway and opposing directions which is required in order to capture the pitch, roll, heading, and torsion errors.

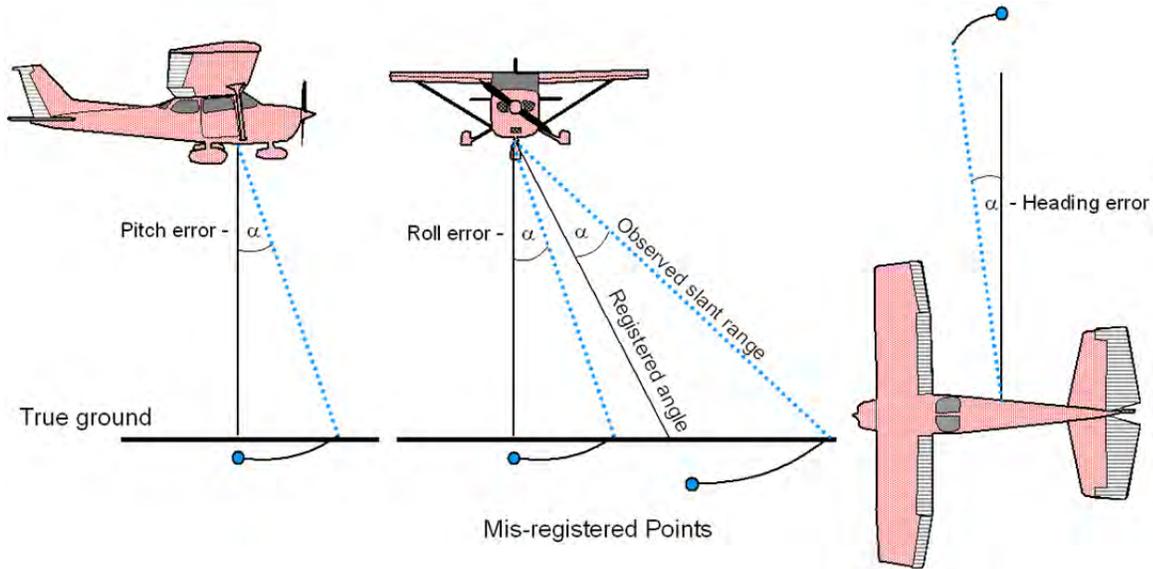


Figure 4.1: Misalignment Errors

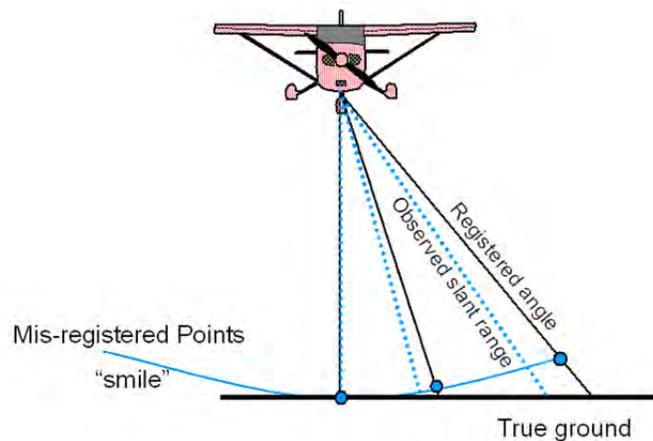
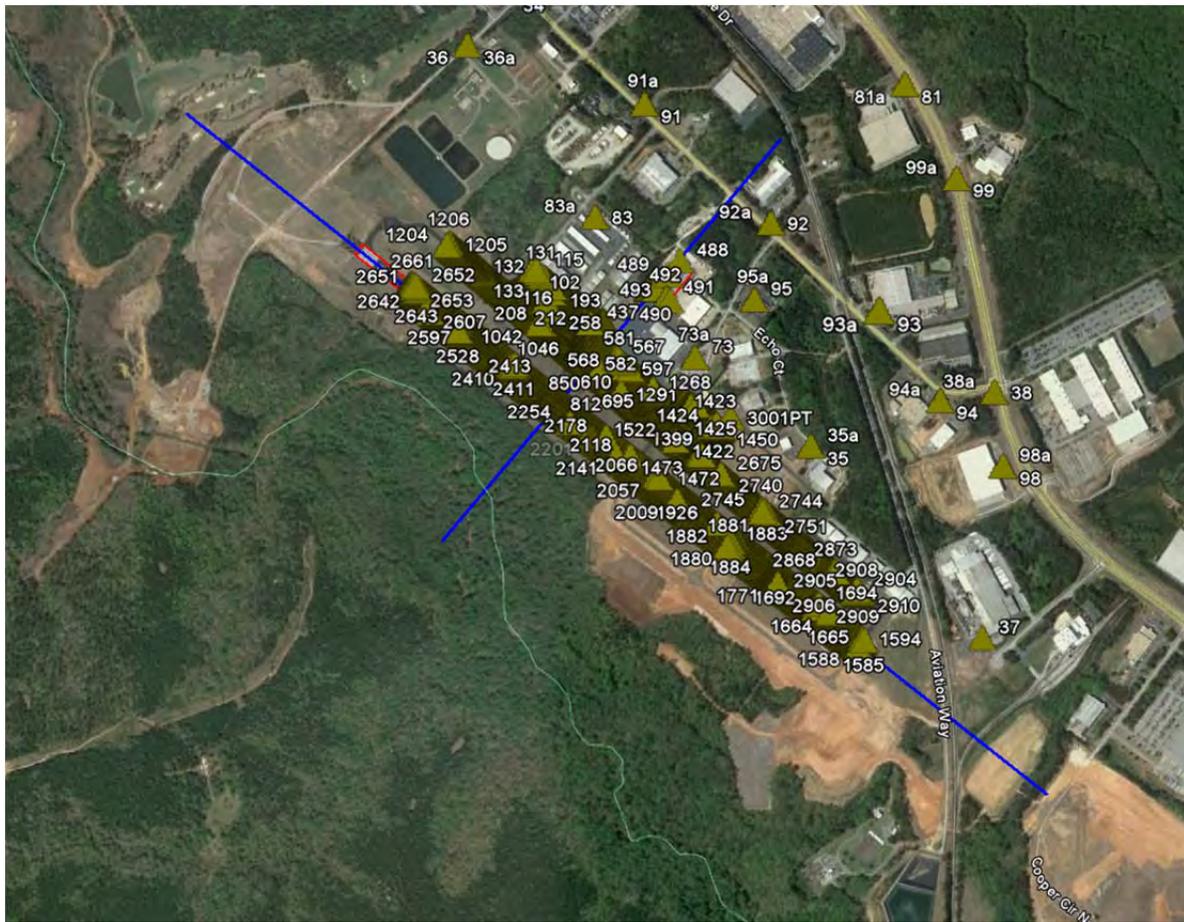


Table 4.1: Calibration Flight Parameters

Altitude (AGL)	Scan Angle (half)	Scan Freq	PRF	Speed (Knots)	Direction	Description	# of Passes
1219m	0.5	35	100	130	Bi-direction	Building/Across Runway	4
1219m	20	35	100	130	Bi-direction	Building/Across Runway	4
1219m	25	35	100	130	Bi-direction	Along/Across Runway	4
1737	20	29.5	100	130	Bi-direction	Along/Across Runway	4
2250	20	32	100	150	Bi-direction	Along/Across Runway	4



[CALIBRATION]

NumSensors=1

NumCameras=0

TimeLag=0.00001300

IMURollMis=-0.0028

IMUPitchMis=0.014

IMUHeadingMis=0.002

IMURoll=-0.004000

IMUPitch=-0.044680

IMUHeading=0.000000

UserToImuEx=0.00000

UserToImuEy=-0.0016

UserToImuEz=-0.390

UserToImuDx=-0.090

UserToImuDy=-0.008

UserToImuDz=-0.096

UserToRefDx=-0.051000

UserToRefDy=-0.030000

UserToRefDz=-0.488000

IntensityGainFor3070=20.000000

UseLeftDroopCorrection=15.000000

UseRightDroopCorrection=15.000000

meteoCorrMethod=2

Temperature=-6.000000

Pressure=1012.872240

scannerAngleDiffThreshold=2.000000

ScannerAngleLimitingSmootherOn=0

[RangeOffset33KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.971802

SecondPulseRange=-3.113822

ThirdPulseRange=-3.205173

LastPulseRange=-5.379880

[RangeOffset50KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.921530

SecondPulseRange=-3.063551

ThirdPulseRange=-3.154901

LastPulseRange=-5.329609

[RangeOffset70KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.890816

SecondPulseRange=-3.032837

ThirdPulseRange=-3.124187

LastPulseRange=-5.298895

[RangeOffset100KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.875020

SecondPulseRange=-3.017040

ThirdPulseRange=-3.108391

LastPulseRange=-5.283099

[RangeOffset125KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.866668

SecondPulseRange=-3.008688

ThirdPulseRange=-3.100039

LastPulseRange=-5.274746

[RangeOffset142KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.852321

SecondPulseRange=-2.994341

ThirdPulseRange=-3.085692

LastPulseRange=-5.260400

[RangeOffset166KHz]

FirstPulseRange=-2.903853

SecondPulseRange=-3.045873

ThirdPulseRange=-3.137224

LastPulseRange=-5.311932

[OpticalModel]

BEAM0\_PITCH=0.000000

BEAM0\_ROLL=0.000000

DX0=0.000000

DY0=0.000000

DZ0=0.000000

MIRROR\_PITCH=0.000000

WINDOW\_PITCH=0.000000

WINDOW\_YAW=0.000000

[ScannerPolynomialCoefficients]

DegreeOfPoly=5

a0=-0.0120000000000000

a1=1.0188770000000000

a2=0.0000400000000000

a3=0.0000010000000000

a4=-0.0000005230000000

a5=0.0000000000000000

[MeteoCrystalPolyCoeff]

CrystalFreq=100.000000

CrystalResolution=10.000000

DegreeOfPoly=-1

f0=0.0000000000000000

f1=0.0000000000

f2=0.0000000000

f3=0.0000000000

f4=0.000000000

f5=0.000000000

[INTENSITY]

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IntensityTable70Khz=G:\PH\Aerial\Data\_Acquisition\Calibration\_Reports\LiDAR\Optech\56108\56108 res file\intensity.tbl

IntensityTable100Khz=G:\PH\Aerial\Data\_Acquisition\Calibration\_Reports\LiDAR\Optech\56108\56108 res file\intensity.tbl

IntensityTable125Khz=G:\PH\Aerial\Data\_Acquisition\Calibration\_Reports\LiDAR\Optech\56108\56108 res file\intensity.tbl

IntensityTable142Khz=G:\PH\Aerial\Data\_Acquisition\Calibration\_Reports\LiDAR\Optech\56108\56108 res file\intensity.tbl

IntensityTable166Khz=G:\PH\Aerial\Data\_Acquisition\Calibration\_Reports\LiDAR\Optech\56108\56108 res file\intensity.tbl

The following measurements were calculated in the lab at Optech and will remain constant.

Table 4.2: Optech Gemini S/N 09SEN258 IMU Lever Arm Values	
Reference (Scanner Mirror) to IMU Misalignment (POS/AV)	
X	0.000 °
Y	-0.016 °
Z	-0.390 °
Reference to IMU Lever Arm (POS/AV)	
X	-0.090 m
Y	0.008 m
Z	-0.096 m

The positioning of the GPS antenna on the aircraft was field surveyed by Woolpert using a total station to  $\pm 0.02\text{m}$ .

Table 4.3: N1107Q: Cessna 310 with Optech Gemini S/N 09SEN258 installed Lever Arm Values	
Reference Point to GPS Antenna	
X	-0.043 m
Y	-0.052 m
Z	-1.134 m

# SECTION 5: FLIGHT LOGS

This section contains the Flight Log(s) covering the project. Flight Logs list mission specific details such as crew members, airports, weather conditions, real time PDOP values and document any issues encountered during the mission. Flight Logs are filled out by the sensor operator during the acquisition flight.

Woolpert											
Optech LIDAR		DD/MM/YEAR	Day of Year	Project #	Phase #	Project Name					
		12/19/2012	354	72875	2	FY13 # Georgia Counties					
Operator		Aircraft		HOBS Start		Local Start Time		ZULU Start Time		Base	
JORDON		N1107Q		1779.3		9:56:00		14:56:00 PM		WOOLPERT PIN	
Pilot		Sensor Type		HOBS END		Local End Time		Zulu End Time		PD	
FLOYD		Optech- Gemini 10B		1782.8		14:00:00 PM		19:00:00 PM		N/A	
Wind Dir/Speed	Visibility	Ceiling	Cloud Cover %	Temp	Dew Point	Pressure	Haze/Fire/Cloud		Departing	52A	
Calm	10+	CL	0	10	2	30.1	CL		Arriving	52A	
Frequency	Half-Angle	System PRF	Roll Compensation	Divergence Mode	Multipulse	ARF		DIGITIZER			
34	20	125	ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WD <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	ON <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON <input type="checkbox"/>	Range Gate	Threshold	
			OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	NR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BOUNDARY <input type="checkbox"/>		Laser Trigger Edge		1 PPS Edge	
Air Speed	AGL	MSL	MST		Avg. Elev.	Adj. AGL	Max Range				
130	5500	5700									
Line #	Dir.	Mission ID#	Line End Time	Time On Line	SV's	HDOP	PDOP	Line Notes/Comments			
Test	n/a			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	GPS Began Logging At:		10:00	
↓ Times entered are Zulu / GMT ↓						Verify 5-Turns Before Mission Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No					
		15:00:00	15:07:00		18	1	1.8	Static Alignment			
1	120	15:22:22	15:22:46	0:00:24	18	1	1.8	Aborted- Airspeed too high (reject)			
1	120	15:36:44	15:39:14	0:02:30	18	1	1.9				
2	300	15:44:51	15:47:47	0:02:56	18	1	1.9				
3	120	15:52:07	15:55:04	0:02:57	17	1	1.9				
4	300	15:59:48	16:03:12	0:03:24	18	1	1.6				
5	120	16:07:29	16:10:46	0:03:17	17	1	1.6				
6	300	16:15:40	16:19:28	0:03:48	18	1	1.3				
7	120	16:23:27	16:27:12	0:03:45	18	1	1.4				
8	300	16:33:04	16:38:06	0:05:02	17	0.8	1.4				
9	120	16:43:04	16:48:29	0:05:25	16	0.8	1.6				
10	300	16:53:25	16:59:34	0:06:09	16	0.8	1.6				
11	120	17:04:10	17:10:10	0:06:00	16	0.8	1.6				
12	300	17:16:06	17:22:53	0:06:47	17	0.9	1.8				
13	120	17:27:34	17:34:19	0:06:45	17	0.9	1.8				
14	300	17:39:14	17:46:24	0:07:10	18	0.9	1.7				
15	120	17:50:23	17:57:50	0:07:27	19	0.9	1.6				
16	300	18:02:56	18:10:48	0:07:52	17	0.9	1.5				
17	120	18:15:07	18:23:30	0:08:23	18	0.9	1.4				
18	300	18:29:55	18:39:57	0:10:02	16	0.9	2.1				
		18:49:00	18:54:00		17	1	2	Static Alignment			
↑ Times entered are Zulu / GMT ↑						Page 1		Verify 5-Turns After Mission Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No			
Additional Comments:										Drive #	

Woolpert											
Optech LIDAR		DD/MM/YEAR	Day of Year	Project #	Phase #	Project Name					
		12/19/2012	354	72875	2	FY13 4 Georgia Counties					
Operator		Aircraft		HOBS Start		Local Start Time		ZULU Start Time		Base	
JORDON		N1107Q		1782.8		15:24:00		20:24:00		WOOLPERT PIN	
Pilot		Sensor Type		HOBS END		Local End Time		Zulu End Time		PID	
FLOYD		Optech- Gemini 108		1784.9		17:56:00		22:56:00		N/A	
Wind Dir/Speed		Visibility	Ceiling	Cloud Cover %	Temp	Dew Point	Pressure	Haze/Fire/Cloud		Departing	52A
200/4		10+	CL	0	20	6.1	30.04	CL		Arriving	52A
Frequency		Half-Angle	System PRF	Roll	Divergence	Multipulse	ARF		DIGITIZER		
34		20	125	Compensation	Mode	OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON <input type="checkbox"/>	Range Gate	Threshold	
				ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WD <input type="checkbox"/>	DN <input type="checkbox"/>	SAMPLE <input type="checkbox"/>		Laser Trigger Edge		
				OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	NR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BOUNDARY <input type="checkbox"/>		1 PPS edge		
Air Speed		AGL	MSL	Avg. Elev.		Adi. AGL	Max Range				
130		5500	5700								
Line #	Dir.	Mission ID#	Line End Time	Time On Line	SV's	HDOP	PDOP	Line Notes/Comments			
Test	n/a			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	GPS Began Logging At:		10:00	
↑ Times entered are Zulu / GMT ↑						Verify S-Turns Before Mission					
						Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>					
19	120	20:30:00	20:36:00	0:10:33	21	0.8	1.5	Static Alignment			
20	300	20:51:08	21:01:41	0:10:33	22	0.7	1.3				
21	120	21:06:54	21:17:57	0:11:03	22	0.7	1.3				
22	300	21:22:31	21:33:27	0:10:56	23	0.7	1.3				
23	120	21:38:22	21:48:58	0:10:36	21	0.8	1.6				
24	300	21:53:37	22:04:02	0:10:25	19	0.9	2.2				
25	120	22:08:38	22:19:41	0:11:03	21	0.9	2.1				
		22:24:30	22:35:29	0:10:59	21	1	1.9				
		22:48:00	22:53:00	0:05:00	21	1	1.9	Static Alignment			
↑ Times entered are Zulu / GMT ↑		Page		1		Verify S-Turns After Mission		Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Additional Comments:										Drive #	



















Woolpert											
Dptech LIDAR		DD/MM/YEAR	Day of Year	Project #	Phase #	Project Name					
		1/5/2013	5	72875	2	FY13 4 Georgia Counties					
Operator		Aircraft		HOBBES Start		Local Start Time		ZULU Start Time		Base	
JORDAN		N1107Q		1821.6		11:19:00		16:19:00		NGS	
Pilot		Sensor Type		HOBBES END		Local End Time		Zulu End Time		PID	
FLOYD		Optech- Gemini 108		1826.1		16:18:00		21:18:00		A1576	
Wind Dir/Speed	Visibility	Ceiling	Cloud Cover %	Temp	Dew Point	Pressure	Haze/Fire/Cloud		Departing	KMLJ	
Calm	10+	CL	0	9	-3	30.4			Arriving:	KMLJ	
Frequency	Half-Angle	System PRF	Roll	Divergence	Multipulse	ARF		DIGITIZER			
34	20	125	Compensation	Mode	OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON <input type="checkbox"/>	Range Gate	Threshold		
			ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WD <input type="checkbox"/>	ON <input type="checkbox"/>	SAMPLE <input type="checkbox"/>		Laser Trigger Edge			
			OFF <input type="checkbox"/>	NR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BOUNDARY <input type="checkbox"/>		1 PPS edge			
Air Speed	AGL	MSL	Avg. Elev.		Adi. AGL	Max Range					
130	5500	5700									
Line #	Dir.	Mission ID#	Line End Time	Time On Line	SV's	HDOP	PDOP	Line Notes/Comments			
Test	n/a			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	GPS Began Logging At:		11:24	
A T						Verify S-Turns Before Mission		Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>
		16:24:00	16:30:00	0:06:00	17	0.9	1.7	Static Alignment			
114	347	16:44:52	16:56:34	0:11:42	17	0.8	1.6				
115	167	17:01:13	17:13:08	0:11:55	17	0.8	1.4				
116	347	17:17:06	17:28:59	0:11:53	16	1.1	2.1				
117	167	17:33:24	17:45:23	0:11:59	16	1	1.9				
118	347	17:49:16	18:01:32	0:12:16	17	1	1.7				
119	167	18:06:08	18:17:40	0:11:32	19	0.8	1.5				
120	347	18:22:11	18:33:45	0:11:34	18	0.9	1.8				
121	167	18:38:04	18:49:10	0:11:06	19	1	1.9				
122	347	18:53:14	19:04:06	0:10:52	18	1	2.3				
123	167	19:08:06	19:18:36	0:10:30	20	0.8	1.5				
124	347	19:22:44	19:32:48	0:10:04	20	0.8	1.5				
125	167	19:36:39	19:39:55	0:03:16	22	0.7	1.3	Reject- flew off line			
125	167	19:50:05		#####	21	0.7	1.3	Completed line- ALTM-NAV shut down			
126	347	20:03:56	20:04:42	0:00:46	21	0.7	1.3	Reject- Swath did not save properly.			
126	347	20:11:35	20:21:03	0:09:28	21	0.7	1.3				
127	167	20:25:22	20:34:40	0:09:18	21	0.7	1.6				
128	347	20:38:42	20:47:24	0:08:42	19	0.7	2.2				
129	167	20:52:02	21:00:48	0:08:46	21	1.3	2.1				
		21:11:00	21:16:00	0:05:00	21	1.2	2	Static Alignment			
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
				0:00:00							
A T				Page	1	Verify S-Turns After Mission		Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No	<input type="checkbox"/>
Additional Comments:										Drive #	
SEND ERROR REPORT MESSAGE AFTER LINE 125. CLOSED OUT OF ALTM AND RESTART IN TURN.											



# SECTION 6: FINAL ACCURACY ASSESSMENT

## FINAL VERTICAL ACCURACY ASSESSMENT

The vertical accuracy statistics were calculated by comparison of the LiDAR bare earth points to the ground surveyed QA/QC points.

Statistic	Value	Unit
Average error	-0.027	Survey Feet
Minimum error	-0.297	Survey Feet
Maximum error	0.281	Survey Feet
Average magnitude	0.139	Survey Feet
Root mean square	0.171	Survey Feet
Standard deviation	0.171	Survey Feet

Point ID	Easting Survey Feet	Northing Survey Feet	Elevation Survey Feet	Dz Survey Feet
2014	461845.2	1220269	399.989	0.281
2006	284544.5	1211705	556.761	0.279
2019	247288	1257905	630.629	0.231
2011	255855	1187178	500.385	0.195
2054	251857.7	1333943	689.546	0.124
2008	303742.7	1231531	543.704	0.066
2009	254363.4	1205341	561.528	0.032
2003	346203.7	1139345	389.716	0.024
2050	225483.4	1345774	763.551	-0.001
2018	293265.8	1266901	514.687	-0.017
2012	358547.9	1214199	381.218	-0.018
2017	275066.2	1273238	564.126	-0.046

**Table 6.2: Control Point Comparison Analysis**

Point ID	Easting Survey Feet	Northing Survey Feet	Elevation Survey Feet	Dz Survey Feet
2000	329009.4	1101476	487.254	-0.074
2021	377186.1	1163980	582.788	-0.078
2020	217565.9	1301883	758.728	-0.088
2013	398457.6	1250450	707.804	-0.134
2002	336055.4	1123353	282.772	-0.152
2001	331404.1	1097642	426.692	-0.182
2004	283361.1	1137396	465.403	-0.213
2005	314083.4	1153274	461.458	-0.248
2015	450554.7	1186329	534.188	-0.268
2051	256005.9	1357686	713.357	-0.297

## VERTICAL ACCURACY CONCLUSIONS

LAS Swath Fundamental Vertical Accuracy (FVA) Tested 0.333 feet fundamental vertical accuracy at a 95 percent confidence level, derived according to NSSDA, in open terrain using (RMSEz) x 1.96000 Tested against the TIN using independent check points.

Approved By:			
Title	Name	Signature	Date
Associate LiDAR Specialist Certified Photogrammetrist #1281	Qian Xiao		July 18, 2013



**WOOLPERT**

DESIGN | GEOSPATIAL | INFRASTRUCTURE